

# **Integrating Situational Assessment Checks into Telebehavioral Health Standardized Patient Simulation**

# INTRODUCTION

**Background**: Addresses a critical challenge in nursing education – enhancing clinical judgment and communication skills in pre-licensure students, particularly in the context of telebehavioral health.

#### **Objective**:

- ✓ To integrate Situational Awareness Global Assessment Technique (SAGAT) into a tele health standardized patient simulation (SPS).
- ✓ Use CLT-informed structuring to manage cognitive load and enhancing learning.

# METHODS

Simulation design: Adheres to HSSoBP & NLN Simulation Design Template (02/2023)

**Focus**: Students often struggle with therapeutic communication due to:

- Limited real-world clinical exposure
- Gaps in preparation
- > The complexity of simulation scenarios (e.g., managing coexisting mental and neurological conditions)

**Development process**: Involvement of simulation experts, mental health and Parkinson's disease specialists.



Yuting Lin, PhD, MSN, RN, Assistant Professor, Seattle University; Carrie W. Miller, PhD, RN, CNE, CHSE-A, IBCLC, FAAN, Associate Professor, Montana State University

## RESULTS

# Application of Cognitive Load Theory

Simulation orientation: Clarify logistics upfront, give clear scenario progression outlines, and purposeful and controlled SP cues to help students manage the extraneous load.

**Complex scenario**: Prepare the simulation with detailed pre-work, structured pre-brief and broke simulation progression down with SA guided checks. This approach reduced intrinsic load by progressively introducing complexity.

**Role-playing simulation**: By actively engaging in simulated interactions, students could build strong mental schemas, enhancing the germane load and fostering better retention and application of skills.

### SA checks Guided by Goal-Directed Tasks

First check during information gathering phase: ✓ Goal: Support learners in organizing patient data and identifying priorities while minimizing overload from competing cues. ✓ E.g., "what is the patient's main concerns? Second check during transition to planning and intervention phase:

✓ Goal: Help learners synthesize findings and ensure readiness to implement interventions effectively. ✓ E.g., What are your next steps to ensure patient understanding and follow-through?"

#### Mrs. XX

- discharged

# **APPLICABILITY TO RESEARCH AND PRACTICE**

#### Support competency-based assessment

communication benchmarks

#### Informs curriculum development

nursing programs.

### **Bridges educational gaps**

telehealth demands

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

**Funding Sources**: This work was supported by the Seeds grant, Seattle University College of Nursing, Seattle, WA



**History**: diagnosed with chronic depression (since age 16), Parkinson's disease (5 year ago) • **Recent event**: Voluntarily admitted to a behavioral health unit due to suicidal ideation, recently

**Presenting concerns**: Contacted the outpatient Nurse Line reporting feelings of hopelessness, social isolation and frustration with illness progression **Simulation format**: Telehealth encounter with a nurse and a student acting as a family member

✓ Aligns with INACSL's research priorities by integrating structured assessment checkpoints and therapeutic

✓ Offers a replicable model for integrating simulation into

✓ Address challenges like limited placement, inconsistent communication skills and resources, and growing



Zap Me for More :)