Interceptive Orthodontic Treatment of Anterior and Posterior Crossbites Utilizing Clear Aligner Therapy

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UCCININI HEALTH

INTRODUCTION

- 8-year-old patient presents to UCONN Pediatric Dental with anterior crossbite on tooth #8 and a posterior crossbite on tooth #14.
- Parents elected for clear aligner therapy

INITIAL PHOTOGRAPHS







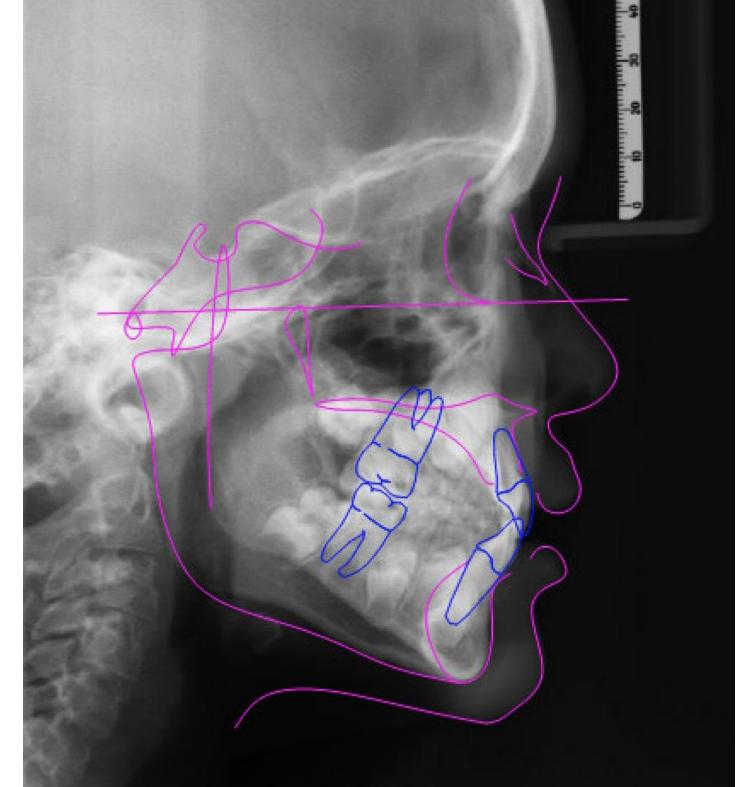


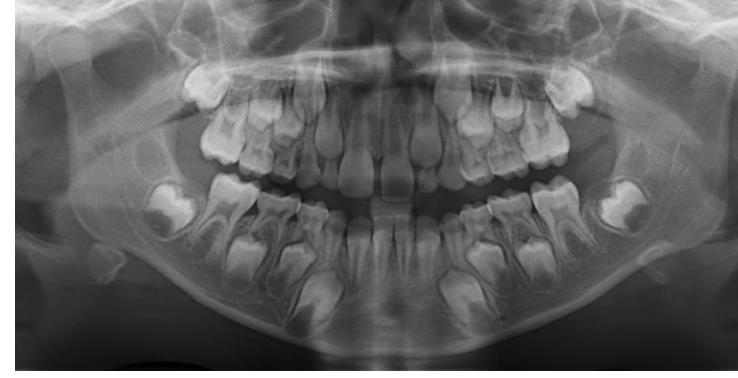


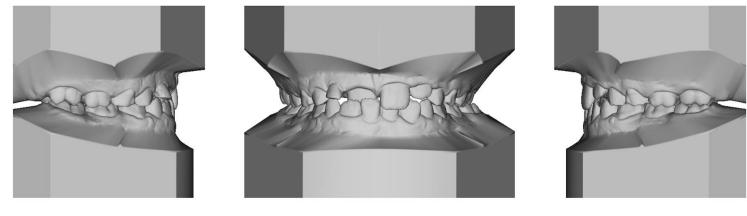


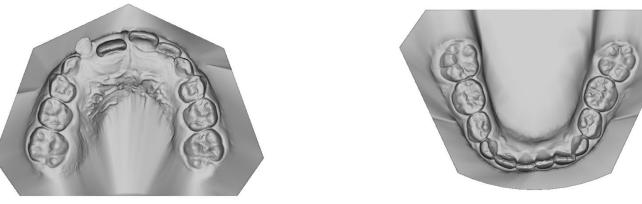


INITIAL RADIOGRAPHS & SCANS









ASSESSMENT & TREATMENT PLAN

ASSESSMENT

- Mild crowding in the mixed dentition
- Mixed dentition observed
- No reported parafunctional habits
- Clinical examination and diagnostic records obtained, including:
- Photographs and Digital models
- Cephalometric analysis
- Early interceptive treatment recommended based on findings

Skeletal Pattern: Steiners Class I Wits Appraisal: Class III Molar and Canine Classifications:

- Right molar: Class I
- Right canine: Class I
- Left molar: Class I
- Left canine: Class I

OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives of treatment were to:

- 1. Correct the anterior crossbite of tooth #8 to establish a normal overjet and overbite.
- 2. Correct the posterior crossbite of tooth #14 to improve transverse arch coordination.
- **3. Maintain or improve occlusal relationships** while guiding the eruption of permanent dentition.

CHOOSING CLEAR ALIGNER THERAPY VS. TRADITIONAL ORTHODONTICS

Traditional orthodontic options, including a maxillary expansion appliance (MEA), fixed appliances, and a facemask, were considered. However, **Clear aligner therapy** was selected due to:

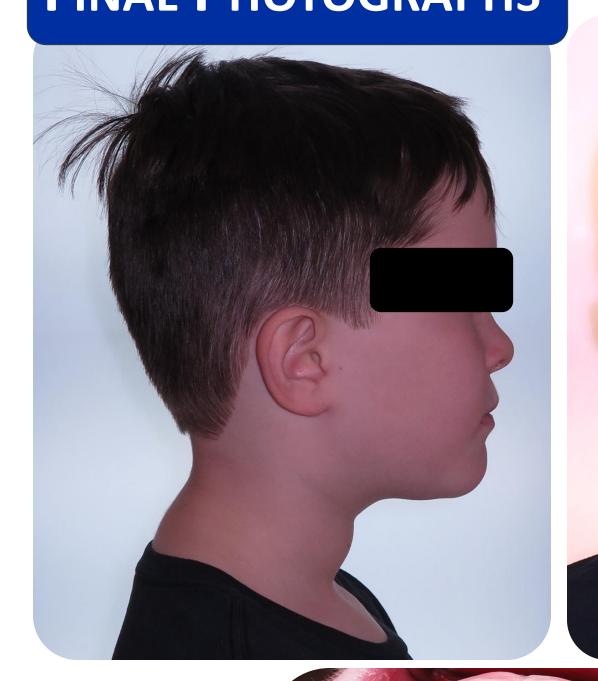
- **Esthetics** Clear aligners are discreet, reducing social concerns (Djeu et al., 2005).
- Improved comfort and hygiene Removable aligners improve oral hygiene and reduce decalcification risks (Boyd, 2005).
- Controlled expansion and bite correction Sequential staging enable dentoalveolar expansion without bulky devices (Nedwed & Miethke, 2005).
- **Predictable digital treatment planning** The ClinCheck software allowed for customized and controlled movements, m inimizing undesired compensatory changes (Lagravère & Flores-Mir, 2005).
- Patient compliance and comfort The patient and parents favored the comfort and convenience of clear aligners over traditional appliances.

TREATMENT IMPLEMENTATIONS

- Clear Aligner Therapy initiated with customized aligners for expansion and crossbite correction
- Strategic attachment placement to aid in anterior and posterior movement
- Aligner wear: 20-22 hours per day
- Aligner changes: Approximately every 14 days
- Compliance monitored at 6-week intervals, Progress assessed through photographs
- Treatment duration: 10 months
- Outcomes: Anterior and posterior crossbites corrected and improved occlusal relationships

FINAL OUTCOMES

FINAL PHOTOGRAPHS





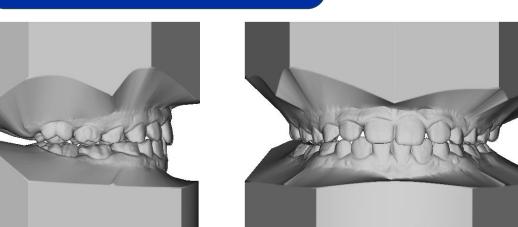


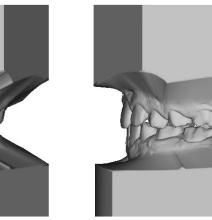


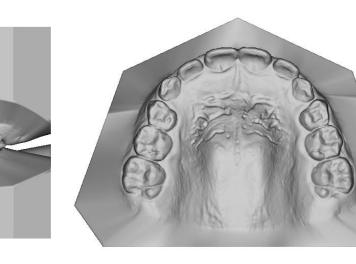


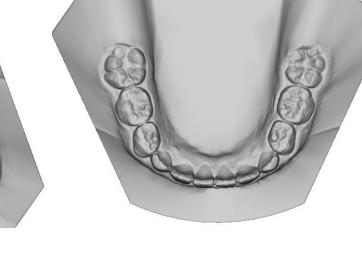


FINAL SCANS









FINAL OUTCOMES

- Correction of anterior crossbite (tooth #8) → Achieved positive overjet & overbite
- Correction of posterior crossbite (tooth #14) → Improved transverse arch coordination
- Stable occlusion:
 - Right molar: Maintained Class I
 - Left molar: Improved from Class I
 - Right Canine: Maintained Class I
 - Left canine: Maintained Class I
- No additional appliances were needed
- No significant midline shifts

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Boyd RL. (2005). "Complex orthodontic treatment using a new protocol for the Invisalign appliance." *J Clin Orthod*, **39(4)**, 217-225.

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