

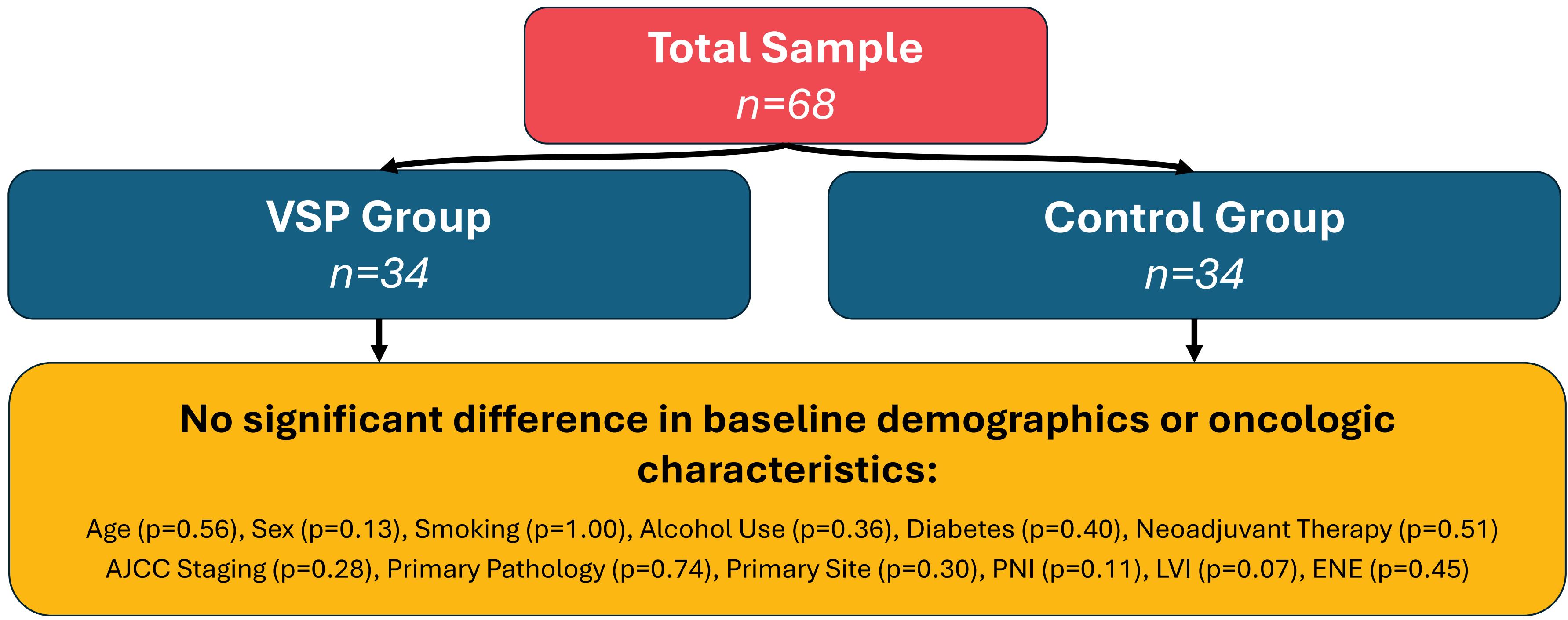
Utility of 3D-Printed Cutting Guides in Improving Margin Status in Head and Neck Oncologic Surgery

Introduction

- Margin status is a key prognosticator of survival in head and neck cancer
- In advanced cases involving the **mandible or maxilla**, tumor visualization can pose significant challenges in predicting resection margins
- Virtual surgical planning (VSP)** using **3D-printed cutting guides** is a surgical innovation that may help improve tumor visualization and ablation
- Limited research exploring the impact of VSP on the adequacy of resection

Aim: To assess the utility of VSP using 3D-printed cutting guides in improving margin status during mandibular and maxillary resections

Results



Methodology

- Single centre ambispective cohort study**, incorporating both retrospective data (2019–2022) and prospective data (2023–2025) of patients undergoing mandibulectomy or maxillectomy at **Mount Sinai Hospital**

VSP Group
(3D-Printed Cutting Guides)

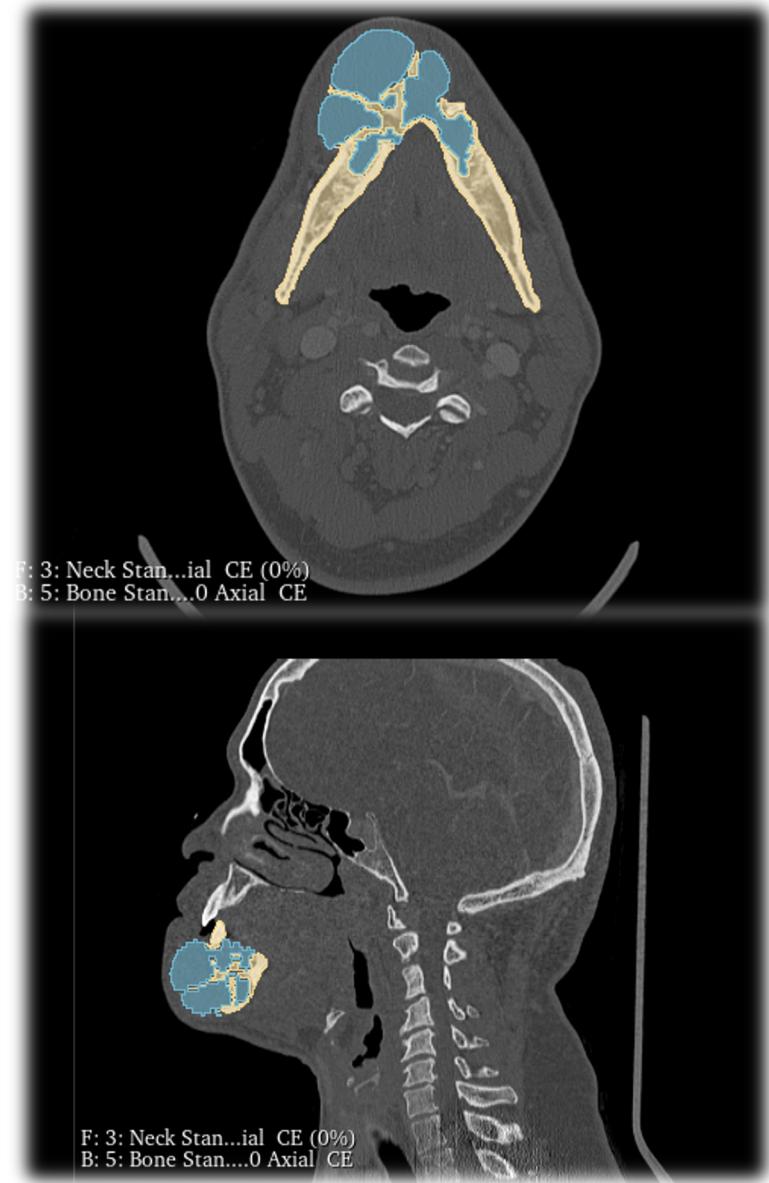
vs

Control Group
(Conventional Surgery)

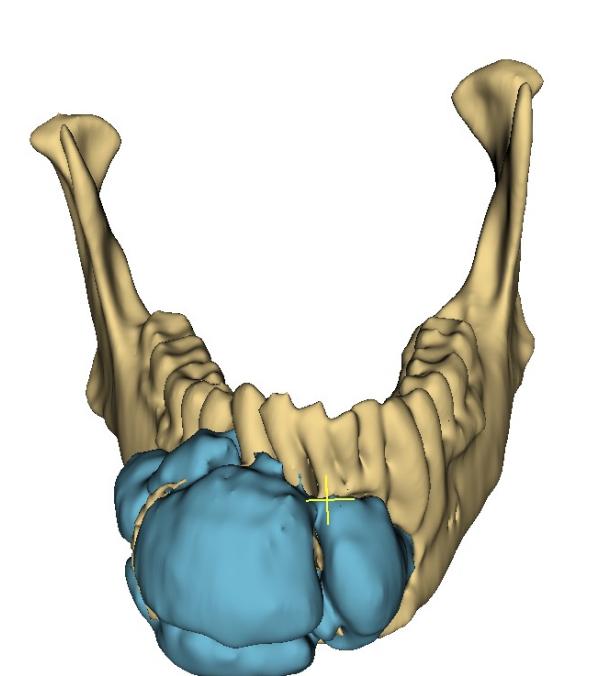
Baseline demographics, oncologic characteristics, pathology reports, operative data

Primary outcome: Margin status
Clear (>5mm), close (1-5mm), positive (<1mm)
Mucosal & bony margins were additionally collected at the microscopic level

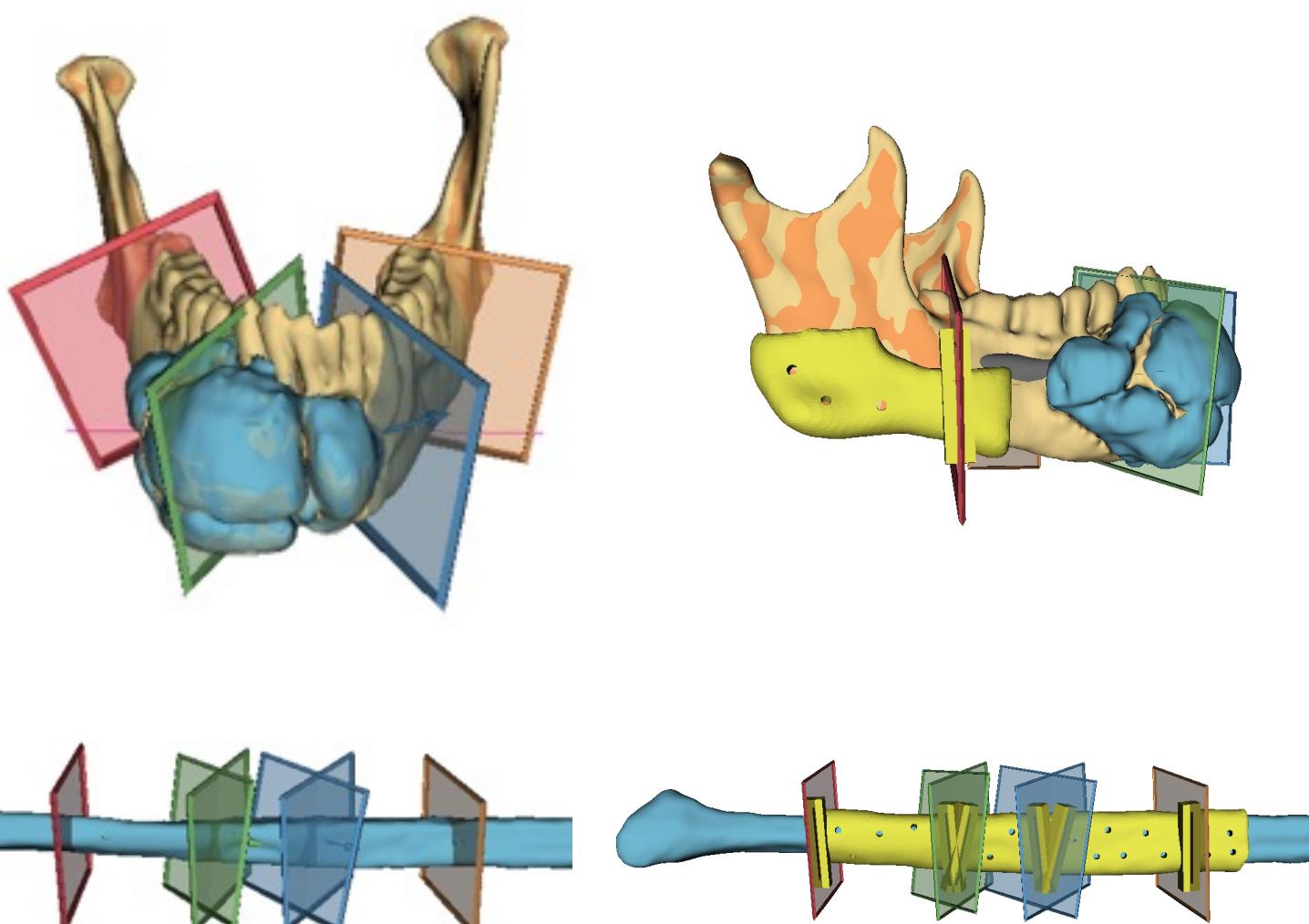
Step 1:
Input CT Scan into volume rendering software



Step 2:
Isolate region of interest



Step 3:
Design virtual cutting angles



Step 4:
Create cutting guide

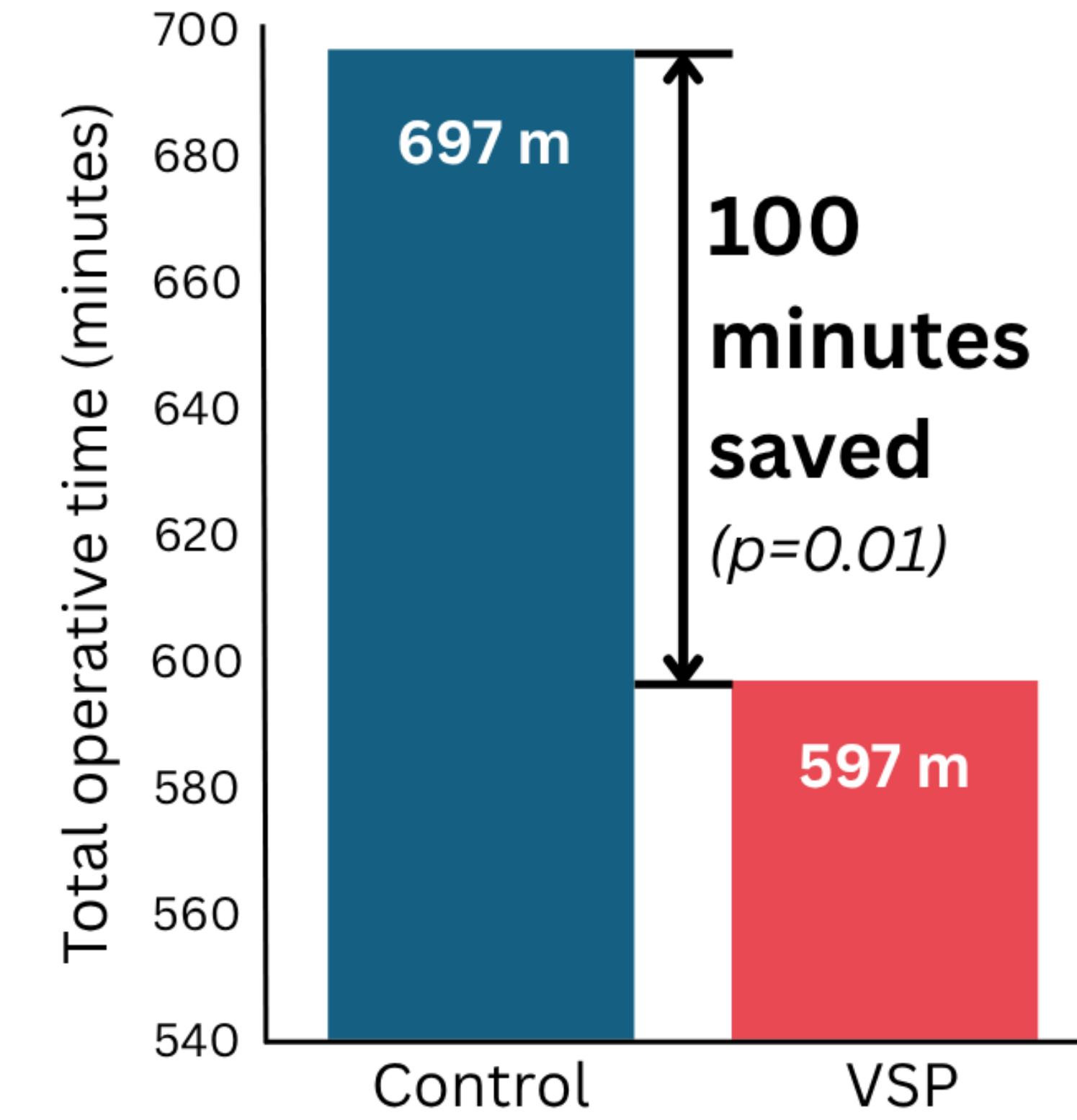


Step 5:
Stereolithography printing

Table 1: Rate of positive surgical margins in the VSP versus control group

	VSP	Control	p-value
Positive Margin	1/34 (3%)	9/34 (26%)	*p=0.01
Mucosal Margin	0/34 (0%)	6/34 (18%)	*p=0.01
Bony Margin	1/34 (3%)	4/34 (12%)	p=0.16
Gross Bony Margin	0/34 (0%)	4/34 (12%)	*p=0.04

Figure 1: Mean total operative time (in minutes) in the VSP versus control group



Conclusion

- 3D-printed cutting guides may improve margin status and reduce total operative time in mandibular and maxillary resections
- Promising capability to enhance surgical precision and tumor visualization
- Further prospective follow-up will evaluate its impact on oncologic outcomes including rates of cancer recurrence and survival